AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

AMVERTON BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors - Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock

Datuk Ng Thian Kwee

Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong

Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng

Ooi Hock Guan

Company Secretary - Cheam Tau Chern

SSM PC No.: 201908000002

Auditors - HLB Ler Lum Chew PLT

201906002362 & AF 0276 Chartered Accountants

A member of HLB International

Country of Domicile Malaysia

Registered Office No. 22C, Jalan Gelugor

41050 Klang

Selangor Darul Ehsan

Business Office - 10th Floor, Menara Amverton

Garden Business Centre

3 Jalan Istana 41000 Klang

Selangor Darul Ehsan

Notes to the Financial Statements

AMVERTON BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Contents	
Contents	Page(s)
Directors' Report	1 - 9
Statement by Directors	10
Statutory Declaration	10
Independent Auditors' Report	11 - 13
Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	14 - 15
Statements of Financial Position	16 - 17
Statements of Changes in Equity	18 - 19
Statements of Cash Flows	20 - 23
Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income Statements of Financial Position Statements of Changes in Equity	14 - 15 16 - 17 18 - 19

24 - 94

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their Report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

WOINE NEGOETO	Group RM	Company RM
Profit for the year	2,626,701 ======	175,089,745
Attributable to :- Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	2,054,352 572,349	175,089,745
	2,626,701 =======	175,089,745

DIVIDENDS

No dividend have been paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

All material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year are shown in the financial statements.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT - (Continued)

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served on the Board of the Company during the financial year until the date of this Report are :-

Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo (Resigned on 10 March 2021)
Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Sak Cheng Lum (Resigned on 1 June 2020)
Datuk Ng Thian Kwee
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong
Mat Ripen Bin Mat Elah
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng
Ooi Hock Guan
Ooi Hun Yong (Resigned on 28 April 2020)

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of Directors of the subsidiaries (excluding Directors who are also Directors of the Company) in office during the financial year until the date of this Report:

Dato' Ambrose Leonard Ng Kwee Heng Dato' Amzah Bin Umar Adri Mazlan Bin Marmuji Chigusa Tohru Chuah Chin Guan Lee Chien Hui Ng Thian Ann Tokio Nakada

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT - (Continued)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The following Directors of the Company who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, interests in shares of the Company and related companies as follows:-

	<>			
	Balance at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	Balance at 31.12.2020
The Company	M 100 10 10 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			***************************************
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock)			
direct interestdeemed interest	39,822,112 235,663,980	- 84,488,942	-	39,822,112 320,152,922
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng				
direct interestdeemed interest	14,018,200 261,467,892	84,488,942	0 4 3	14,018,200 345,956,834
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leo	ng			
direct interestdeemed interest	1,400,000 266,990,192	84,488,942	585 585	1,400,000 351,479,134
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng - direct interest	1,000,000	0.4.400.0.40	(4)	1,000,000
- deemed interest	266,990,192	84,488,942		351,479,134
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - direct interest - deemed interest	3,507,900 271,190,192	84,488,942	(4,200,000)	3,507,900 351,479,134
	<	Number of	ordinary shares	;>
	Balance at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	Balance
Holding company - Dalta Industries	Sdn. Bhd.		**********	**************************************
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock				
direct interestdeemed interest	7,000,000 6,000,000		2	7,000,000 6,000,000

DIRECTORS' REPORT – (Continued)

	<	Number of ordinary shares		
	Balance at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	Balance at 31.12.2020
Holding company - Dalta Industrie				
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh En - direct interest - deemed interest	g Neo 400,000 12,600,000	-	÷	400,000 12,600,000
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Led - direct interest - deemed interest	ong 1,000,000 9,000,000	×	*	1,000,000 9,000,000
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng - direct interest - deemed interest	1,000,000 9,000,000	-	÷	1,000,000 9,000,000
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - direct interest - deemed interest	1,000,000 9,000,000	# (#)	*	1,000,000 9,000,000
	< Balance at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	
Related company - Hil Industries E	Berhad	***************************************		************
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock - direct interest	13,136,279	1,933,200		15,069,479
- deemed interest	233,577,745	-	^	233,577,745
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh En - direct interest - deemed interest	g Neo 8,621,280 238,092,744	1,933,200	-	8,621,280 240,025,944
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Led - direct interest - deemed interest	ong 13,262,559 200,781,765	1,933,200	e K	13,262,559 202,714,965
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng - direct interest - deemed interest	7,249,800 200,781,765	1,933,200	+	7,249,800 202,714,965
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - direct interest - deemed interest	6,290,720 200,781,765	1,933,200	#* #*	6,290,720 202,714,965

DIRECTORS' REPORT – (Continued)

	<	- Number of warrants 2017/2027>		
	Balance at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposed	Balance at 31.12.2020
Related company - Hil Industries Be				
Tan Sri Datoʻ Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock				
- direct interest	5,022,713	-	*	5,022,713
- deemed interest	34,743,071	-	94	34,743,071
Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng	Neo			
- direct interest	1,436,880	2()4))	*	1,436,880
 deemed interest 	38,328,904	200	*	38,328,904
Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leon	n			
- direct interest	1,333,659	-	*	1,333,659
- deemed interest	36,298,025	((=))	~	36,298,025
Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng	R 00			
- direct interest	708,300		~	708,300
- deemed interest	36,298,025	S#3	*	36,298,025
Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - direct interest	715,120	:#3		715,120
- deemed interest	36,298,025		*	36,298,025
		Number of o	rdinary shares	>
	Balance	A = == i== = d	Diaman	Balance
	at 1.1.2020	Acquired	Disposea	at 31.12.2020
Related companies				
Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ N Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng - deemed interest	Neo,			
ldaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.	74,250		×	74,250
Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd.	99,046	-	*	99,046
Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd.	161,910	74.0	£:	161,910
Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.	1,600,000	280	\$1	1,600,000

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT - (Continued)

By virtue of their interests in Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd., Tan Sri Dato' Ir. Ng Boon Thong @ Ng Thian Hock, Puan Sri Datin Catherine Yeoh Eng Neo, Dato' Milton Norman Ng Kwee Leong, Mr. Steven Junior Ng Kwee Leng and Mr. Malcolm Jeremy Ng Kwee Seng are also deemed to be interested in the shares of all the subsidiaries to the extent of the Company's interests in the respective subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

Other than as disclosed above, the Directors who held office at the end of the financial year did not have interests in the shares or debentures of the Company or related companies during the financial year.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND AUDITORS

During the financial year, there were no indemnity given to or insurance effected for, any Director or officer of the Company.

The Company has agreed to indemnify the Auditors, HLB Ler Lum Chew PLT as permitted under Section 289 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangement subsisted to which the Company is a party, with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements of the Group) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and that certain Directors received remuneration from the Company's related companies.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT - (Continued)

STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps: -

- (a) to ascertain that proper action has been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this Report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances :-

- (a) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this Report, there does not exist :-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT - (Continued)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors state that :-

At the date of this Report, they are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this Report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the respective financial statements misleading.

In their opinion,

- the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature except as disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements; and
- (b) except as disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this Report is made.

HOLDING COMPANY

The Directors regard Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia, as the Company's holding company.

SUBSIDIARY/SUBSIDIARIES

The details of the Company's subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMVERTON BERHAD

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Amverton Berhad, which comprise the Statements of Financial Position as at 31 December 2020 of the Group and of the Company, and the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Equity and Statements of Cash Flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 14 to 94.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the Directors' Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Directors' Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Directors' Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF AMVERTON BERHAD – (Continued)

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AMVERTON BERHAD – (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

HLB LER LUM CHEW PLT 201906002362 & AF 0276 Chartered Accountants

WONG CHEE HONG 03160/09/2022 J Chartered Accountant

Dated: 25 May 2021 Kuala Lumpur

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

		G	roup	Company	
	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Revenue	3	74,785,135	82,791,892	175,716,245	1,215,689
Cost of sales	4	(50,254,850)	(53,881,591)	(10,365)	(9,561)
Gross profit		24,530,285	28,910,301	175,705,880	1,206,128
Other operating income	5	3,677,841	5,149,614	3,420	5,565
Selling & distribution costs		(64,847)	(93,179)		323
Administration expenses		(17,884,806)	(19,730,682)	(618,317)	(161,790)
Other operating expenses		(4,666,944)	(5,009,905)	9	929
Finance costs	6	(76,332)	(51,854)	2	(2)
Share of loss of associated companies		(325,091)	(65,337)	20	
Profit before tax	7	5,190,106	9,108,958	175,090,983	1,049,903
Income tax expense	9	(2,563,405)	(3,602,068)	(1,238)	(1,598)
Profit for the year		2,626,701	5,506,890 ===	175,089,745	1,048,305
Attributable to :-					
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		2,054,352 572,349	4,805,232 701,658	175,089,745	1,048,305
		2,626,701	5,506,890	175,089,745	1,048,305

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 - (Continued)

	G	iroup	Company	
Note	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Profit for the year	2,626,701	5,506,890	175,089,745	1,048,305
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax:				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss - Net fair value (loss)/gain on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1,652)	620	(=	.(4).
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,625,049	5,507,510	175,089,745	1,048,305
Attributable to :-				
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	2,052,700 572,349	4,805,852 70 1 ,658	175,089,745	1,048,305
	2,625,049	5,507,510	175,089,745	1,048,305
			Gro	•
			2020	2019
Earnings per share for profit for the year attributable to equity				
holders of the Company (sen) 10			0.56	1.32

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		Group		Company		
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant &						
equipment	11	222,026,164	193,178,948	631,260	642,950	
Investment properties	12	59,937,661	61,651,784	-	140	
Investment in subsidiaries Investment in associated	13	-		421,836,800	411,776,800	
companies	14	3,037,660	2,052,749	·	-	
Inventories	15	132,813,449	130,863,370	19		
Other investments	16	66,723	68,375	64,980	64,980	
Goodwill	17	19,089,685	19,085,213	€	(#0	
Fixed deposits	18	6,935,832	3,467,918		()	
Deferred tax assets	19	672,959	833,359	*	(#)	
		444,580,133	411,201,716	422,533,040	412,484,730	
Current assets						
Inventories	15	375,738,184	381,925,887	4		
Biological assets	20	168,282	102,191		3.0	
Trade & other receivables	21	42,746,961	37,785,517	314,886	332,253	
Contract assets	22	4,683,680	4,669,866	-		
Amount due from related	00	00.500			00.047	
parties	23	23,500	000 047	000 440	30,217	
Income tax assets	40	1,418,300	999,947	269,446	269,784	
Fixed deposits	18	19,455,787	40,328,735	-	7 000 000	
Short term investment	24	24 254 205	7,038,908	050 704	7,038,908	
Cash & bank balances	25	24,254,865	27,479,142	653,724	876,413	
	8-	468,489,559	500,330,193	1,238,056	8,547,575	
Total assets	72	913,069,692	911,531,909	423,771,096	421,032,305	

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020 – (Continued)

		Gro	up	Com	Company	
	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity attributable to owners of parent						
Share capital Fair value adjustment	26	217,605,412	217,605,412	217,605,412	217,605,412	
reserve		(34, 162)	(32,510)	-	1961	
Retained earnings		503,801,185	501,746,833	205,383,656	30,293,911	
9		721,372,435	719,319,735	422,989,068	247,899,323	
Non-controlling interests		74,059,239	24,659,824	545	(4)	
Total equity		795,431,674	743,979,559	422,989,068	247,899,323	
Non-current liabilities						
Borrowings	27	869,289	42	-	5 <u>4</u> 5	
Lease liabilities	28	2,332,089	332,371			
Deferred tax liabilities	19	63,047,503	64,131,867	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total non-current liabilities	100	66,248,881	64,464,238		2	
Current liabilities						
Trade & other payables	29	15,143,915	18,187,674	24,718	753,116	
Contract liabilities	22	34,601,802	34,601,802	-		
Borrowings	27	130,711	-	-		
Lease liabilities	28	710,590	333,687	-		
Amount due to related						
parties	23		49,021,666	757,310	172,379,866	
Income tax liabilities	2	802,119	943,283	-		
Total current liabilities		51,389,137	103,088,112	782,028	173,132,982	
Total liabilities		117,638,018	167,552,350	782,028	173,132,982	
Total equity and liabilities	-	913,069,692	911,531,909	423,771,096	421,032,305	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Group		Non-distributable Distributable Share Fair value Retained		Non-controlling interests	Total equity	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Balance at 1 January 2019	217,605,412	(33,130)	496,941,601	714,513,883	24,525,146	739,039,029
Total comprehensive income for the year	7=1	620	4,805,232	4,805,852	701,658	5,507,510
Dividend paid					(566,980)	(566,980)
Balance at 31 December 2019	217,605,412	(32,510)	501,746,833	719,319,735	24,659,824	743,979,559
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	*	(1,652)	2,054,352	2,052,700	572,349	2,625,049
Dividend paid		3	¥	72	(206,934)	(206,934)
Additional investment from non-controlling interests	829	.53	5.	語	49,034,000	49,034,000
Balance at 31 December 2020	217,605,412	(34,162)	503,801,185	721,372,435	74,059,239	795,431,674

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 - (Continued)

Company	Share capital RM	Distributable Retained earnings RM	Total RM
Balance at 1 January 2019	217,605,412	29,245,606	246,851,018
Total comprehensive income for the year	*	1,048,305	1,048,305
Balance at 31 December 2019	217,605,412	30,293,911	247,899,323
Total comprehensive income for the year		175,089,745	175,089,745
Balance at 31 December 2020	217,605,412	205,383,656	422,989,068

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	G	Group	Cor	Company		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Profit before tax	5,190,106	9,108,958	175,090,983	1,049,903		
Adjustments for :=						
Depreciation Dividend income Impairment loss on financial asse	6,249,405 (72,861) ets	6,111,094 (35,392)	11,690 (175,711,211)			
 contract assets 	282	452	0 <u>2</u> 5	9 <u>2</u>		
 trade & other receivables (net) 	(57,902)	(95,288)	2 <u>2</u> 7	8 <u>2</u> 8		
Interest expense	76,332	51,854	2 m	923		
Interest income	(1,418,621)	(2,508,190)	(5,034)	(7,306)		
Inventories write-down (net) Gain on disposal of property, plant &	79,504	60,407	野	-		
equipment (net) Fair value changes in	(15,465)	(29,999)	923	9番		
biological assets (net)	(66,091)	49,332	24	(2)		
Fair value loss/(gain) in investme Property, plant & equipment		(5,565)	5,565	(5,565)		
written off Share of loss of associated	40	2,446	±0. ■0	123		
companies	325,091	65,337				
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	10,295,385	10 775 446	(609 007)	(450,004)		
working capital changes	10,295,365	12,775,446	(608,007)	(159,661)		
Inventories	5,693,117	6,265,355	(2)	10		
Receivables		1,277,544	17,367	56,528		
Contract assets	(14,096)	17,219,204	120	0.0,000		
Payables	(3,049,059)	(1,264,137)	(728,398)	728,921		
Contract liabilities	(0,010,000)	7,641,899	(120,000)	720,021		
Inter-company balances	(11,166)	(4,979,417)	(6,607,987)	6,026,362		
Cash generated from/(used in)						
operations	6,700,637	38,935,894	(7,927,025)	6,652,150		

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 - (Continued)

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Dividend received Interest received Interest paid Income tax paid Income tax refunded	72,861 1,418,621 (76,332) (4,046,886)	(51,854)	666,859 5,034 (900)	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	4,068,901	35,821,285	(7,256,032)	7,865,141
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquired of subsidiary-net	828	141	124	¥.
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant & equipment	20,600	30,000	1923	14
Purchase of investment properties Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(15,900)	(4,292,530)	(14)	44
	(32,035,267)	(30,550,831)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(32,029,739)	(34,813,361)	2	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest Net repayment	(206,934)	(566,980)	3073	- 1
of lease liabilities Proceeds from borrowing (Placement)/withdrawal of	(494,882) 1,000,000	(370,012)	7.75 7.75	**
fixed deposits under lien Withdrawal/(placement) of short	(3,467,914)	2,588,881	10	100
term investment	7,033,343	(7,033,343)	7,033,343	(7,033,343)
Net cash used from/(in) financing activities	3,863,613	(5,381,454)	7,033,343	(7,033,343)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents brought	(24,097,225)			
forward	67,807,877	72,181,407	876,413	44,615
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward	43,710,652	67,807,877	653,724	876,413

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 – (Continued)

		Group		Company	
		2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
NOT	ES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLO	OW STATEMEN	NTS		
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents comprise :-				
	Fixed deposits Cash & bank balances	26,391,619 24,254,865	43,796,653 27,479,142	653,724	876,413
	Less : Fixed deposits under lien	50,646,484 (6,935,832)	71,275,795 (3,467,918)	653,724	876,413
		43,710,652	67,807,877	653,724	876,413
		Group			up
				2020 RM	2019 RM
(b)	Analysis of acquisition of property, plant & equipment				
	Cash Lease arrangement			32,035,267 1,336,506	30,550,831 110,000
				33,371,773	30,660,831

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 – (Continued)

		Group	
		2020 RM	2019 RM
(c)	Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities		
	Borrowings		
	At 1 January	666,058	926,070
	Cash inflow Proceeds from borrowing	1,000,000	胡
	Cash outflow Interest paid Repayment	(75,329) (494,882)	(50,854) (370,012)
	Non-cash changes Finance cost Acquisition of property, plant & equipment Acquisition of inventories	75,329 1,336,506 1,534,997	50,854 110,000
	At 31 December	4,042,679	666,058

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Company are those of an investment holding and management company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the Financial Statements.

The Company is a limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia.

The address of the registered office of the Company is as follows:

No. 22C, Jalan Gelugor 41050 Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan

The address of the principal place of business of the Company is as follows:

10th Floor, Menara Amverton Garden Business Centre 3 Jalan Istana 41000 Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention (unless stated otherwise in the significant accounting policies below) and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the MFRS and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 requires the Directors to make estimations and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. It also requires the Directors to exercise their judgements in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgements are based on Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 34 to the Financial Statements.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Group's and the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amendments to MFRS and IC Interpretations ("IC Int") that are applicable to the Group and to the Company for the financial year beginning 1 January 2020.

The adoption of these amendments to MFRS and IC Int does not have any significant financial impact to the Group and to the Company.

(c) Standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group and the Company has not adopted the MFRS, amendments to MFRS and IC Int that are effective for financial year beginning 1 January 2021.

The adoption of these MFRS, Amendments to MFRS and IC Interpretations are expected to have no significant impact to the financial statements of the Group and the Company upon their initial application.

(d) Property, plant & equipment and depreciation

Property, plant & equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

All costs directly related to bearer plants are capitalised until such time as the bearer plants reach maturity, at which point all further costs are expensed and depreciation commences. Such costs include seedling and planting costs, other upkeep costs, and an allocation of overhead costs.

Freehold land are not amortised whilst assets under construction are not depreciated. Depreciation for assets under construction will only be charged when the construction of the assets are completed for their intended use. Depreciation commences when the bearer plants mature or when the assets under constructions are ready for their intended use.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Depreciation on all other property, plant & equipment is calculated on the straight line basis at rates required to write off the cost of the property, plant & equipment over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rates of depreciation used are as follows:

Leasehold land	1.02 - 1.20
Buildings	1.02 - 2.00
Vehicles	12.50 - 25.00
Plant & machinery	10.00 - 25.00
Furniture, fittings & equipment	10.00 - 33.33
Bearer plants	4.50

Residual value, useful life and depreciation method of assets are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant & equipment.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with net carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets, other than inventories, construction contract assets and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there is separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent of previously recognised revaluation surplus for the same asset.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. In respect of other assets, any subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. A reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is credited directly to revaluation surplus. However, to the extent that an impairment loss on the same revalued asset was previously recognised as an expense in profit or loss, a reversal of that impairment loss is recognised as income in profit or loss.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising land and buildings are held for rental income or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group.

Investment properties are stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Freehold land are not amortised whilst assets under construction are not depreciated. Depreciation for assets under construction will only be charged when the construction of the assets are completed for their intended use.

Depreciation on other investment properties is calculated on the straight line basis at rates required to write off the cost of the investment properties over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rate of depreciation used is as follows:-

Buildings 1.08% - 4.00%

Upon disposal of an investment property, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, it shall be derecognised. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

(g) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statements of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary or business comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of (a) the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously-held equity interest in the acquiree over the (b) fair values of the identifiable assets acquired net of the fair values of the liabilities and any contingent liabilities assumed, is recorded as goodwill. Please refer to the paragraph "Goodwill" for the accounting policy on goodwill subsequent to initial recognition.

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits if required by a specific Standard.

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(h) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Company. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interests and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

(i) Investment in subsidiaries

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Investment in associated companies

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in associated companies is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's statement of financial position. On disposal of investments in associated companies, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

Associated companies are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to voting rights of 20% and above but not exceeding 50%.

Investments in associated companies are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting less impairment losses, if any.

(i) Acquisitions

Investments in associated companies are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill on associated companies represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the associate over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the associate and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

(ii) Equity method of accounting

In applying the equity method of accounting, the Group's share of its associated companies' post-acquisition profits or losses are recognised in profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions received from the associated companies are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investments. When the Group's share of losses in an associated company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated company, including any other unsecured non-current receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has obligations to make or has made payments on behalf of the associated company.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of associated companies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

(iii) Disposals

Investments in associated companies are derecognised when the Group loses significant influence and any retained interest in the former associate is a financial asset. Such retained interest in the entity is remeasured at its fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains and losses arising from partial disposals or dilutions in investments in associated companies in which significant influence is retained are recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Inventories

(i) Land held for property development

Land held for property development for which no significant development work has been undertaken or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle, is classified as non-current. The carrying amount of such land classified as inventory under non-current assets is carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost associated with the acquisition of land includes the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies.

Land held for property development is transferred to property development costs under current assets when development activities have commenced and are expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle.

(ii) Property development costs

Property development costs are stated at the lower of costs and net realisable value. The cost of land, related development costs common to whole projects and direct building costs less cumulative amounts recognised as expense in the profit or loss for property under development are carried in the statements of financial position as property development costs. The property development cost is subsequently recognised as an expense in profit or loss as and when the control of the inventory is transferred to the customer.

Property development cost of unsold unit is transferred to completed development unit once the development is completed.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(iii) Completed development units & odd lot land

Units of development properties and odd lot land completed and held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise costs of acquisition of land including all related costs incurred subsequent to the acquisition necessary to prepare the land for its intended use, related development costs to projects and direct building costs.

(iv) Finished goods, raw materials and consumable stores

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase plus incidental cost and other costs of bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of inventories is determined on a weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less costs to completion and selling expenses.

(I) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

(m) Income tax and deferred tax

Income tax on profit or loss for the financial year comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributable to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

(n) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Trade receivables are measured at the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to be customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third party, in the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component at initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

Investments in debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. The three measurement categories for classification of debt instruments are:

(i) Amortised cost

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are measures at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the assets are derecognised or impaired, and through amortisation process.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Financial assets measured FVOCI are subsequently measures at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income in reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iii) Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt instruments that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Investments in equity instruments

On initial recognition of an investment in equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. Dividends from such investments are to be recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payments is established. For investments in equity instruments which the Group has not elected to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the assets has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income for debt instrument is recognised in profit or loss.

(o) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss and financial guarantee contracts. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12 months ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculation ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience adjusted for forward – looking factors specific to the receivables and the economic environment.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At every reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt instrument is considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instrument. In addition, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when the contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

(p) Share capital

Ordinary shares are equity instruments and recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs.

Dividends to shareholders are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(q) Leases

(i) When the Group is the lessee:

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognised a right-of-use ("ROU") asset and lease liability at the date which the underlying asset is available for use. Right-of use assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets.

These right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets (except for those which meets the definition of an investment property) are presented within "Property, plant and equipment".

Lease liabilities

The initial measurement of lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include the following:

- Fixed payment (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables;
- Variable lease payment that are based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amount expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of a purchase option if is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- Payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

For contract that contain both lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease component. The Group has elected to not separate lease and non-lease component for property leases and account these as one single lease component.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liability shall be remeasured when:

- There is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in an index or rate;
- There is a changes in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option; or
- There are modification in the scope or the consideration of the lease that was not part of the original term.

Lease liability is remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short term and low value leases

The Group has elected to not recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low value leases, except for sublease arrangements. Lease payments relating to these leases are expensed to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments

Variable lease payments that are not based on an index or a rate are not included as part of the measurement and initial recognition of the lease liability. The Group shall recognise those lease payments in profit or loss in the periods that triggered those lease payments. Details of the variable lease payments are disclosed in Note 28.

(ii) When the Group is the lessor:

Leases where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(r) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus in the case financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amounts and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

(s) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised by reference to each distinct performance obligation promised in the contract with customer when or as the Group transfers control of the goods or services promised in a contract and the customer obtains control of the goods or services. Revenue from contracts with customers is measured at its transaction price, being the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, net of goods and services tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The transaction price is allocated to each distinct good or service promised in the contract. Depending on the terms of the contract, revenue is recognised when the performance obligation is satisfied, which may be at a point in time or over time.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(i) Revenue from property development

The Group develops and sells residential and commercial properties before completion of construction of the properties.

Revenue is recognised when control over the property has been transferred to the customer, either over time or at a point in time, depending on the contractual terms and the practices in the legal jurisdictions.

For development properties whereby the Group is restricted contractually from directing the properties for another use as they are being developed and has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date, revenue is recognised over time, based on the construction and other costs incurred to date as a proportion of the estimated total construction and other costs to be incurred.

For development properties whereby the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains control of the asset.

Progress billings to the customers are based on a payment schedule in the contract and are typically triggered upon achievement of specified construction milestones. A contract asset is recognised when the Group has performed under the contract but has not yet billed the customer. Conversely, a contract liability is recognised when the Group has not yet performed under the contract but has received advanced payments from the customer. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights to consideration become unconditional. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the group performs under the contract.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised if these costs are recoverable. Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to the contract, generate or enhance resources used in satisfying the contract and are expected to be recovered. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

Capitalised contract costs are subsequently amortised on a systematic basis as the Group recognises the related revenue. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss to extent that the carrying amount of the capitalised contract costs exceeds the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the contract costs relates less the costs that relate directly to providing the goods and that have not been recognised as expenses.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(ii) Sale of goods - Trading

The Group sells automotive products in the trading market. Sales are recognised when control of the products have transferred to its customers, being when the products are delivered to the automotive products dealer. The automotive products dealer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the automotive products dealer's acceptance of the products. The risk of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the automotive products dealer, and either the automotive products dealer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provision have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 120 days, which is consistent with market practice.

Revenue from sales of automotive products is recognised when the Company has delivered the products to the customers, the customers have accepted the products and the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(iii) Revenue from hotels operations

The Group's performance obligation is to provide accommodation and other goods and services to guests. Revenue includes rooms revenue and food and beverage sales, which is recognised when the rooms are occupied and food and beverages are sold.

(iv) Sales of agricultural produce and refined palm oil related products

Revenue from sales of agricultural produce such as crude palm oil ("CPO"), fresh fruit bunches ("FFB") and palm kernel ("PK") are recognised net of discount and taxes collected on behalf at the point in time when control of the goods has transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract with the customer, control transfers either upon delivery of the goods to a location specified by the customer and acceptance of the goods by the customer; or upon delivery of the goods on board vessels or tankers for onward delivery to the customer.

Revenue from other sources

Specific revenue recognition criteria for other revenue and income earned by the Group are as follows:

(i) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements. Other rent related income is recognised in the accounting period in which the services have been rendered.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis, using the effective interest method, unless collectability is in doubt, in which case it is recognised on a receipt basis.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(t) Borrowing costs

Interest on borrowings incurred to finance the construction of property, plant & equipment is capitalised as part of the cost of assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the assets for its intended use. Interest on borrowings incurred to finance property development activities and construction contracts are accounted for in a similar manner. All other interest on borrowings is expensed.

Interest, dividends, losses and gains relating to a financial instrument, or a component part, classified as a liability is reported within finance cost in profit or loss.

(u) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the financial year when employees have rendered their services to the Group.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as expenses when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

Bonuses are recognised as an expense when there is a present, legal or constructive obligation to make such payments, as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

(ii) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group and the Company pay fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Group's and the Company's contributions to a defined contribution plan are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations.

(v) Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is also the Group's and the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

(w) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, balances and deposits with financial institutions which have an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits.

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

3. REVENUE

The Group and the Company derive the following types of revenue:

		Group		Company	
		2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Revenue from contra customers (Note a) Revenue from other	acts with	62,619,604	70,701,485	280	•
sources (Note b)		12,165,531	12,090,407	175,716,245	1,215,689
Total revenue		74,785,135	82,791,892	175,716,245	1,215,689
(a) Revenue from c					
Property develo Sale of goods	pment projects	33,770,717	4,132,842 37,239,862	2-17 2-17	*
Sale of complete	ad unite	13,443,712	12,880,443	1.5	-
Rendering of se		11,213,088	12,965,096	17	-
Sale of plantation		11,213,000	12,900,090	42	
and related pro		4,192,087	3,483,242	-	5.
		62,619,604	70,701,485		
	()	========	========	========	=======
2020	Property development* RM	Trading RM	Hotel & leisure RM	Plantation RM	Group RM
Sale of goods		30,630,733	3,139,984		33,770,717
Sale of completed units	13,443,712	30,030,733	5, 155,504		13,443,712
Rendering of services Sale of plantation produce	1,116,830	**	10,096,258		11,213,088
and related products		(2)		4,192,087	4,192,087
	14,560,542	30,630,733	13,236,242	4,192,087	62,619,604
		**********			=======
Timing of revenue recogniti	on:				
At a point in time	14,560,542	30,630,733	13,236,242	4,192,087	62,619,604

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

	18,003,775	31,557,563	17,656,905	3,483,242	70,701,485
At a point in time Over time	13,870,933 4,132,842	31,557,563	17,656,905	3,483,242	66,568,643 4,132,842
Timing of revenue recognit	ion:				
	18,003,775	31,557,563 =======	17,656,905	3,483,242	70,701,485
Sale of plantation produce and related products	((-)	(4)		3,483,242	3,483,242
Rendering of services	990,490	5 4 06	11,974,606		12,965,096
Sale of goods Sale of completed units	12,880,443	51,557,565	5,002,299	2	12,880,443
Property development projects Sale of goods	4,132,842	31,557,563	5,682,299		4,132,842 37,239,862
	Property development* RM	Trading RM	Hotel & leisure RM	Plantation RM	Group RM
2019					

^{*}Refer to Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered.

(b) Revenue from other sources

		Group		mpany
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Rental income from				
 investment properties 	8,060,011	7,985,963	1/2	2
 other properties 	4,001,487	4,028,382	-	2
Interest income	31,188	40,698	5,034	7,306
Dividend income from equity				
investments measured at FVOCI				
quoted investment, in Mala	ysia 1,386	2,021	1,386	2,021
- unquoted subsidiary, in Ma	laysia -	128	175,638,366	1,173,019
- others, in Malaysia	71,459	33,343	71,459	33,343
	12,165,531	12,090,407	175,716,245	1,215,689
	=======	========		=======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

4. COST OF SALES

	Group		Co	mpany
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Property development costs	÷	3,910,133		÷
Cost of inventories Cost of services rendered &	38,383,481	35,411,774	*	î 5
other direct operating costs	11,871,369	14,559,684	10,365	9,561
	50,254,850	53,881,591	10,365	9,561
			========	

5. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

OTHER OPERATING INCOME	C _m		Com	0001
	Gro		Com	N 523 2505 225
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Included in other operating income are the following:-				
Dividend income				
 quoted investment, in Malaysia 	16	28		956
Fair value (loss)/gain in investment	(5,565)	5,565	(5,565)	5,565
Gain on disposal of property land for		,	(, , ,	•
government acquisition	8	1,096,152	*	9 .4 0
Gain on disposal of property,		, , ,		
plant & equipment	15,465	29,999	8	855.
Gain on full redemption of unit trust	•			
- realised	8,985		8,985	199
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost				
- fixed deposits	1,387,433	2,467,492	8	(1)
Rental income from other properties	562,238	549,422		(36)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

6. FINANCE COSTS

111/11/02 00010		Group		
	2020 RM	2019 RM		
Bank overdraft interest Finance lease interest	1,003 44,024	1,000 22,546		
Lease liabilities interest	31,305	28,308		
	76,332	51,854		
	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00			

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

		Group		Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
Profit before tax is stated after charging except as disclosed in other notes :-					
Auditors' remuneration - statutory					
 current financial year over provision in prior 	245,500	282,550	23,000	23,000	
financial year	(60,050)	(200)			
- others	3,000	6,000	0.00	3,000	
Depreciation	6,249,405	6,111,094	11,690	11,690	
Directors' remuneration		<i>.</i> .	·	>-	
- fees	56,000	132,000	28	:=	
- emoluments	1,650,398	1,959,580	*	-	
Impairment loss on financial asset		· · ·			
- contract assets	282	452	*	*	
- trade & other receivables - net	(57,902)	(95,288)			
Inventories write-down - net	79,504	60,407	*		
Fair value changes in biological					
assets - net	(66,091)	49,332	*	38	
Property, plant & equipment					
written off	40	2,446	*	38	
Lease expenses not capitalised in lease liabilities		·			
- low value leases	26,356	16,834	20	10	
- short term leases	72,300	41,730			
Loss on foreign exchange	12,300	41,730	-		
- realised	160	356		56	
- I canscu	100	330	-	-	
				No. 102 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated rental income of the Group during the financial year amounted to RM3,167,367 (2019: RM2,852,003).

Direct operating expenses from investment properties that did not generate rental income of the Group during the financial year amounted to RM4,031 (2019: RM4,031).

8. EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

	Group	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Salaries, wages & bonus Defined contribution plan benefits Other benefits	11,835,558 1,113,103 793,369	
	13,742,030	16,666,380

Included in employee compensation of the Group are executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM1,650,098 (2019: RM1,958,860).

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Group		Co	mpany
2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
2,631,263	3,937,270	1,200	1,600
856,106	45,035	38	(2)
(923,964)	(380,237)	-	-
2,563,405	3,602,068	1,238	1,598 ======
	2020 RM 2,631,263 856,106 (923,964)	2020 2019 RM RM 2,631,263 3,937,270 856,106 45,035 (923,964) (380,237)	2020 2019 2020 RM RM 2031,263 3,937,270 1,200 856,106 45,035 38 (923,964) (380,237) -

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Profit before tax	5,190,106 ======	9,108,958	175,090,983	1,049,903
Income tax using Malaysian				
tax rate of 24%	1,245,625	2,186,150	42,021,836	251,977
Non deductible expenses	977,757	721,406	152,211	40,971
Under/(over) provision in prior			200.00	1500000
financial years	856,106	45,035	38	(2)
Tax effect of unrecognised	(0.10.100)	0.40,000		
deferred tax	(313,166)	942,036	17	
Income not subject to tax Tax effect on share of loss of	(19,643)	(9,830)	(42,172,847)	(291,348)
associated companies	78,022	15,681		-
Utilisation of investment tax				
allowance	(261,296)	(298,410)	Ú.	ā
	2 563 405	3,602,068	1.238	1,598
	2,563,405	3,002,000	1,230	1,596
				77

The Company may distribute dividends out of its entire retained earnings as at 31 December 2020 under single-tier system.

In addition, the Company has tax exempt income as at 31 December 2020 arising from the exempt dividend income and Income Tax (Amendment) Act 1999, relating to tax on income earned in 1999 being waived amounting to approximately RM11,392,000 (2019: RM11,392,000) available for distribution as tax exempt dividends to shareholders. This tax exempt income is subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Board.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS")

Basic	EPS

Basic EPS of the Group is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	Group		
	2020	2019	
Profit for the year attributable to owners (RM)	2,054,352	4,805,232	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	365,063,800	365,063,800	
Basic EPS (sen)	0.56	1.32	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

11. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

2020 - Group

	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Buildings	Vehicles	Plant & machinery	Furniture, fittings & equipment	Assets under construction	Bearer plants	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost									
At 1.1.2020	45,724,620	6,863,260	110,069,597	8,786,116	13,865,212	18,646,181	42,581,472	3,580,820	250,117,278
Additions	26,130	2,869	1,167,248	279,070	1,192,291	1,515,229	29,172,897	16,039	33,371,773
Disposal	₩.	4.470.000	-	7	(69,600)	-	-	2	(69,600)
Written off	€.	9	껉	72		(105,596)	2	2	(105,596)
Transfer	-	2	20,000	2	257,400	2	(277,400)	2	<u> </u>
Expiry	5	T.	(717,642)	#	-	(#)	-	ā	(717,642)
At 31.12.2020	45,750,750	6,866,129	110,539,203	9,065,186	15,245,303	20,055,814	71,476,969	3,596,859	282,596,213
Accumulated Depreciation		· 					***************************************		
At 1.1.2020	*	666,299	21,006,407	7,983,773	11,618,665	13,101,545	-	2,561,641	56,938,330
Charges during the year	*	76,245	2,076,163	309,897	770,453	1,128,108	*	158,516	4,519,382
Disposal	*	*	~	*	(64,465)	-	*	₩.	(64,465)
Written off	*	*		*	200 M	(105,556)	*	+	(105,556)
Expiry	-	-	(717,642)	-	-	-	-	-	(717,642)
At 31.12.2020		742,544	22,364,928	8,293,670	12,324,653	14,124,097		2,720,157	60,570,049
Not Pook Value									
At 31.12.2020	45,750,750	6,123,585	88,174,275	771,516	2,920,650	5,931,717	71,476,969	876,702	222,026,164
Net Book Value At 31.12.2020			1 62 5	771,516	2,920,650	5,931,717 ======			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

2019 - Group

	Freehold land	Leasehold land	Buildings	Vehicles	Plant & machinery	Furniture, fittings & equipment	Assets under construction	Bearer plants	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost									
At 1.1.2019	45,712,645	3,980,305	109,796,004	8,822,674	13,787,840	18,316,693	3,926,496	3,477,145	207,819,802
Additions	11,975	1,060,696	75,380	136,017	78,435	338,518	28,856,135	103,675	30,660,831
Disposal		-	-	(172,575)	44 1		•	7	(172,575)
Written off		4 000 050	400.040	-	(1,063)	(27,129)	0.700.044	-	(28,192)
Transfer		1,822,259	198,213		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	18,099	9,798,841	-	11,837,412
At 31.12.2019	45,724,620	6,863,260	110,069,597	8,786,116	13,865,212	18,646,181	42,581,472	3,580,820	250,117,278
Accumulated Depreciation				***************************************			***************************************		
At 1.1.2019	3	590,057	19,171,000	7,834,013	10,964,396	11,792,325	2	2,403,126	52,754,917
Charges during the year	-	76,242	1,835,407	322,334	654,750	1,334,485		158,515	4,381,733
Disposal	-	-	9	(172,574)	-		- 2	-	(172,574)
Written off	7				(481)	(25,265)		7	(25,746)
At 31.12.2019		666,299	21,006,407	7,983,773	11,618,665	13,101,545		2,561,641	56,938,330
Net Book Value									
At 31.12.2019	45,724,620	6,196,961	89,063,190	802,343	2,246,547	5,544,636	42,581,472	1,019,179	193,178,948
	========	========	========	=======	=======	=======		=======	========

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Right-of-use of assets acquired under leasing arrangements are presented together with the owned assets of the same class. Details of such leased assets are disclosed in Note 28.

The bearer plants mainly comprise of oil palm trees. There is insignificant amounts of immature of bearer plants included in the bearer plants categories.

The net book value of motor vehicles of the Group held under finance leases are RM278,808 (2019: RM220,244) at the reporting date.

	Company	Freehold building		
		2020 RM	2019 RM	
	At cost			
	At beginning of the financial year	876,750	876,750	
	Addition Disposal	70 171		
	At end of the financial year	876,750	876,750	
	Less : Accumulated depreciation			
	At beginning of the financial year	233,800	222,110	
	Charge for the financial year	11,690	11,690 	
	At end of the financial year	245,490	233,800	
	Net Book Value	631,260	642,950	
		========	=======	
12.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES			
		Group 2020	2019	
		RM	RM	
	At cost			
	At beginning of the financial year Addition	72,829,978 15,900 	68,537,448 4,292,530	
	At end of the financial year	72,845,878	72,829,978	
	Less : Accumulated depreciation			
	At beginning of the financial year	11,178,194	9,448,833	
	Charge for the financial year	1,730,023	1,729,361	
	At end of the financial year	12,908,217		
	Carrying amounts	59,937,661	61,651,784	
		========	=======	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The investment property with carrying amounts of RM1,698,766 (2019: RM1,698,766) has been pledged to a financial institution for banking facilities granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2020, the Directors have appraised the fair value of the land and buildings to be RM109,144,000 (2019: RM109,144,000).

The fair value of Group's investment properties are valued based on sale comparison approach and unobservable inputs and classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined in Note 37(c) to the Financial Statements.

During the current financial year, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements.

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values as follow:-

Level 2 fair values of the Company's properties have been generally derived using the sales comparison approach. Sales prices of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is selling price per square meter.

13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Investment in subsidiaries

	Company		
	2020	2019	
	RM	RM	
Unquoted shares			
- ordinary shares	196,805,952	196,805,952	
 equity capital contribution 	152,190,848	214,970,848	
- preference shares	72,840,000		

	421,836,800	411,776,800	
	========		

The subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest	
	**************************************	2020	2019
Held by the Company:			
A & M Construction Sdn. Bhd.	Building construction, housing development, property management and investment holding & real estate activities	100	100

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest		
		2020 %	2019	
A & M Modern Homes Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
AMJ Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Epic Ventures Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	67.41	67.41	
Makhosetia Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100	
Pembinaan Kesentosaan Sdn. Bhd.	Housing and hotel development, property management, hotel and resort operator and related services	100	100	
Profail Padu Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	60.00	60.00	
Unik Sejati Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Welnexco Sdn. Bhd.	Inactive	69.00	69.00	
Held through A & M Construction	n Sdn. Bhd.:			
A & M Development Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development, property management and investment holding	100	100	
Audimco Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100	
Freshland Sdn. Berhad	Property development and related services	100	100	
ldaman Kalbu Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Lipat Ganda Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Pillar Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	94.50	94.50	
Held through A & M Resorts Sdr	n. Bhd.:			
Sri Utas Sdn. Bhd.	Hotel operator and related services 53	100	100	

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest		
disembalanana and and and and	***************************************	2020	2019	
Held through AMJ Holdings Sdr	n. Bhd.:			
A & M Lifestyle Connections Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding and provision of management services	100	100	
A & M Vision Builders Sdn. Bhd	Property management and investment holding	100	100	
EUI Professional Academy (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Cultivation and sale of oil palm fruits	100	100	
Orange Mic Entertainment Sdn. Bhd.	Leisure and entertainment business	100	100	
Puri Saksama Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Vertipro Management Sdn. Bhd.	Managing and operating food and beverage	100	100	
Held through AMJ Properties Sc	In. Bhd.:			
Lagenda Anggun Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and related services	100	100	
Held through Epic Ventures Sdn	. Bhd.:			
E.V. Auto Cables Sdn. Bhd.	Inactive	53.93	53.93	
E.V. Auto Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Trading and assembling of automotive horns and other related products	38.52	38.52	
E.V. Brake Lining Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and distribution of automotive brake lining products	61.66	61.66	
E.V. Edaran Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of automotive products	61.66	61.66	
E.V. Spark Plugs Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of spark plugs	67.41	67.41	
Mitsinbo Sdn. Bhd.	Trading and reparing of automotive products	67.41	67.41	

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Ec	Effective Equity Interest	
	AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE	2020 %	2019 %	
Sebangga Mitsinbo Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of vehicles, automotive products and other related services	67.41	190	
Held through Idaman Kalbu Sdn.	Bhd.:			
Villa Sentosa Management Sdn. Bhd.	Property management, investment holding and real estate activities	94.50	94.50	
Held through Makhosetia Sdn. Bl	hd.:			
AMJ Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development, property management and investment holding	100	100	
Held through Pembinaan Kesent	osaan Sdn. Bhd.:			
A & M Auto Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100	
A & M Resorts Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding, management of hotel and recreational facilities	100	100	
Bunut Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and building construction	100	100	
Kesentosaan Property Management Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and related services	100	100	
Lanjut Perkasa Sdn. Bhd.	Housing development and property management	100	100	
Lockwell Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100	
Penghantaran Bintang Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	100	100	
Saujana Springs Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00	
Tasik Saujana Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding and hotel operations	100	100	

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest		
		2020	2019 %	
Tenaga Kilat Sdn. Bhd.	Property management, investment holding and real estate activities	100	100	
Tengku Mohd. Kamil Dan Ng Sendirian Berhad	Housing development and investment holding	100	100	
T.G. Industrial Park Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and investment holding	100	100	
Tour Haven Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and investment holding	100	100	
Held through Profail Padu Sdn.	Bhd.:			
AA Industrial Capital Sdn. Bhd.	Plantation	60.00	60.00	
Amverton Carey Golf & Island Resort Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	60.00	60.00	
Amverton Cove Golf & Island Resort Sdn. Bhd.	Hotel operator and tourism related activities	60.00	60.00	
Carey Island Golf & Country Management Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	60.00	60.00	
Exemplary Resources Sdn. Bhd	Tourism related activities and agriculture	60.00	60.00	
Farming Hub Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and plantation	60.00	60.00	
Happy View Development Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	60.00	60.00	
Jetpalms Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	60.00	60.00	
Jewelacres Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	60.00	60.00	
Ladang Seri Permai Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	60.00	60.00	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest	
		2020	2019
Ladang YS (Selangor) Sdn. Bhd.	Cultivation and sale of oil palm fruits	60.00	60.00
Precious Orchard Sdn. Bhd.	Tourism related activities and agriculture	60.00	60.00
Total Wellbeing Sdn. Bhd.	Real estate activities and property development	60.00	60.00
T.G. Development Park Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	60.00	60.00
Held through Saujana Springs S	dn. Bhd.:		
Tahap Kukuh Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00
Tetap Sejahtera Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00
Wasdiri Sdn. Bhd.	Property development	70.00	70.00
Held through Unik Sejati Sdn. Bl	nd.:		
Gerbang Property Management Sdn. Bhd.	Property management and related services	100	100

Equity capital contribution is deemed as capital contribution to subsidiaries and are considered as part of the Company's investment in the subsidiaries.

All subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidation. The proportion of the voting rights in the subsidiary undertakings held directly or indirectly by the parent company do not differ from the proportion of ordinary shares held.

The country of incorporation of subsidiary is also their place of principal place of business.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Summarised financial information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Set out below are the summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests ("NCI") that are material to the Group.

	2020					
	Profail Padu Group RM	Epic Ventures Group RM	Unik Sejati Sdn. Bhd. RM	Saujana Spring Group RM	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM	Total RM
NCI effective equity interest	40.00%	32.59%		30.00%		
Carrying amount of NCI	13,288,849	11,167,746	43,700,000*	5,576,892	325,752	74,059,239
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCI	343,098	233,988		(3,891)	(846)	572,349
Summarised financial in	formation before	e inter-compar	ny elimination			
As at 31 December Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities Net assets	151,996,224 18,396,294 (2,230,301) (1,036,904) 167,125,313	10,970,292 28,885,954 (3,052,474) (4,866,783) 31,936,989	23,339,474 97,395,234 (45,676,091) 75,058,617	17,087,060 86,302 (4,200) 17,169,162		
Year ended 31 December Revenue Profit/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive Income/(loss)	13,436,670 857,744 857,744	30,630,733 489,987 489,987	13,149,800 1,886,687 1,886,687	(12,969) (12,969)		
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows used in financing activities Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	9,726,453 (11,951,163) (11,635) (2,236,345)	638,459 (1,427,700) (29,316) (818,557)	2,302,167 (188,575) (2,146) 2,111,446	(54,335) - (54,335)		
Dividend paid to NCI		206,934	*.			

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

	2019			
	Profail Padu Group RM	Epic Ventures Group RM	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM	Total RM
NCI effective equity interest	40.00%	32.59%		
Carrying amount of NCI	12,945,751	11,140,692	573,381	24,659,824
(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI Impact arising from	(28,040)	471,450	258,248	701,658
adoption of MRFS 16		(6,704)	-	(6,704)
Summarised financial informa	tion before inter-	company elimin	nation	
As at 31 December Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities Net assets	121,928,986 18,900,080 (2,152,233) (2,089,264) 136,587,569	4,365,249 31,503,045 (129,713) (3,709,279) 32,029,302		
Year ended 31 December Revenue (Loss)/profit for the year Total comprehensive (loss)/income	11,773,477 (70,100) (70,100)	31,557,563 1,205,867 1,205,867		
Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows used in financing activities Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	33,701,641 (31,579,997) (10,924) 2,110,720	3,695,420 (28,023) (2,022,400) 1,644,997		
Dividend paid to NCI		566,980		

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries without losing control

There were no significant changes during the year (2019: Nil) in the Group's ownership interest in its subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

14. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Unquoted shares, at cost	3,252,850	1,552,850
Share of post-acquisition (loss)/profit	(215,190)	499,899
	2.027.660	2.052.740
	3,037,660	2,052,749

The associated companies, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

Name of Company	Principal Activities	Effective Equity Interest	
		2020	2019 %
^* Bunga Laut Sdn. Bhd.	Property development and property management	20	20
^* Ikatan Gembong Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	30	30
Held through Epic Ventures Sdn.	Bhd.:		
* Sebangga Auto Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of vehicles, automotive products and other related services	30	30

^{*} Associated companies not audited by HLB Ler Lum Chew PLT

The associated companies listed above have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held directly by the Group; the country of incorporation is also their principal place of business.

There are no contingent liabilities related to the Group's interest in the associated companies.

As indicated above, the financial year end of certain associated companies are not coterminous with that of the Group. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, these companies' unaudited financial statements made up to 31 December were used in conjunction with their audited financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June as the case may be.

[^] Companies with financial year ended 30 June

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The summarised financial information of the associated companies are as follows :-

	Group		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	
Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	3,264,028 14,979,238 (3,434,642) (6,269,725)	2,305,029 20,763,597 - (18,124,195)	
Net assets	8,538,899 =======	4,944,431	
Revenue Loss for the year	25,896,802 (1,072,198) =======	53,315,553 (178,205)	

Goodwill amounting to RM836,268 (2019: RM836,268) was included in the carrying amount of investment in associated companies.

15. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Non-current		
Land held for property development (Note a)	132,813,449	130,863,370
Current		
Completed property units Finished goods Raw materials Odd lot land Production supplies	99,387,250 6,579,808 65,543 115,860 111,317	85,789,631 4,772,907 110,916 115,860 166,971
Property development costs (Note b)	106,259,778 269,478,406	90,956,285 290,969,602
	375,738,184	381,925,887
Total inventories	508,551,633	512,789,257

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The carrying amount of inventories of the Group held under finance lease are RM1,609,850 (2019: Nil).

(a) Land held for property development

Group 2020

2020	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
At beginning of the financial year	95,972,357	23,879,466	11,011,547	130,863,370
Additions	-	23,073,400	1,950,079	1,950,079
At end of the financial year	95,972,357	23,879,466	12,961,626	132,813,449
2019				
At beginning of the				
financial year	96,752,840	15,543,105	17,795,018	130,090,963
Additions	2	64	1,778,000	1,778,000
Disposal	(780,483)		(20,015)	(800,498)
Transfer from property				
development costs	2	8,336,361	1,222,277	9,558,638
Transfer to property,				
plant and equipment	요즘 아무슨 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 많다.		(9,763,733)	(9,763,733)
At end of the financial year	95,972,357	23,879,466	11,011,547	130,863,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(b) Property development costs

Group 2020				
	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
Cumulative property development costs:-				
At beginning of the financial year Cost incurred during the financial	168,794,519	44,513,431	120,764,067	334,072,017
year	12	-	1,011,912	1,011,912
Transfer to inventories	(7,027,823)		(15,475,285)	
At end of the financial year	161,766,696	44,513,431	106,300,694	312,580,821
Cumulative cost recognised in profit or loss :-				
At beginning/end of the financial ye	ear			(43,102,415)
Property development costs at				
end of the financial year				269,478,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Group 2019

	Freehold land RM	Leasehold land RM	Development costs RM	Total RM
Cumulative property development costs:-				
At beginning of the financial year Cost incurred during the financial	173,852,874	54,672,051	178,361,748	406,886,673
year Transfer to property, plant	-	-	3,877,162	3,877,162
and equipment Transfer to land held	*	(1,822,259)	(251,420)	(2,073,679)
for property development Transfer to inventories	(326,345)		(1,222,277) (3,871,042)	(9,558,638) (4,197,387)
Reversal of completed project	(4,732,010)		(56,130,104)	
At end of the financial year	168,794,519	44,513,431	120,764,067	334,072,017
Cumulative cost recognised in profit or loss:-				
At beginning of the financial year Recognised during the financial yea Reversal of completed project	ar		1.9	(100,054,396) (3,910,133) 60,862,114
At end of the financial year			9	(43,102,415)
Property development costs at end of the financial year			19	290,969,602

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

16. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Gr	oup	Com	pany
Quoted shares in Malaysia	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
-At fair value through other comprehensive income	66,723	68,375	64,980	64,980
	=======	========		

Fair value losses and gain include a loss allowance due to impairment of security instruments, at FVOCI of RM1,652 (2019: gain of RM620).

The Group has elected to measure these equity securities at FVOCI due to the Group's intention to hold these equity instruments for long term appreciation.

17. GOODWILL

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Cost		
At beginning of the financial year Acquisition of subsidiary	21,001,269 4,472	21,001,269
At end of the financial year	21,005,741	21,001,269
Accumulated impairment losses		
At beginning & end of the financial year	1,916,056	1,916,056
Carrying amount at end of the financial year	19,089,685	19,085,213

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Goodwill only arises in business combinations. The amount of goodwill initially recognised is dependent on the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. The determination of the fair value of the assets and liabilities is based, to a considerable extent, on management judgement.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) identified according to the following business segments:-

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered ("CGU A") Trading ("CGU B")	18,168,411 921,274	18,168,411 916,802
	19,089,685	19,085,213 =======

(i) Recoverable amount based on fair value less costs to sell

The recoverable amount of CGU A is based on fair value less costs to sell. The fair value less costs to sell is based on observable market price for similar assets or observable market price for assets of different nature, condition or location which is adjusted to reflect the different nature, condition or location of assets. The fair value measurement was categorised as a Level 2 fair value based on the inputs in the valuation technique used (see Note 37(c)).

(ii) Recoverable amount based on value in use

The recoverable amount of CGU B was determined based on value-in-use calculations. Cash flow projections used in these calculations were based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the projection period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the automotive products business in which the CGU operates.

Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations :-

	CGU B	
	2020	2019
	%	%
Gross margin ¹	16.00	16.30
Growth rate ²	5.00	5.00
Pre-tax discount rate 3	7.40	8.40
Terminal growth rate ⁴	3.65	3.65

- Budgeted gross margin
- Weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period
- Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections
- Terminal growth rate indicates the expected growth of cash flows after the forecast period

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

These assumptions were used for the analysis of CGU within the business segment. Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of the market development. The weighted average growth rate used was consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rate used were pre-tax and reflected specific risks relating to the business segment.

(iii) Sensitivity to change in key assumptions

The sensitivity tests indicated that with an increase in the discount rate by 1% (2019: 1%) or an increase in the terminal growth rate by 1% (2019: 1%) or an decrease in the gross margin by 1% (2019: 1%) or an decrease in the growth rate by 0.5% (2019: 0.5%), there will be no impairment loss required while other realistic variations remained the same.

18. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS

	Group	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Non-current Current	6,935,832 19,455,787	3,467,918 40,328,735
	26,391,619 ======	43,796,653

Fixed deposits of the Group amounting to RM6,935,832 (2019: RM3,467,918) have been pledged to financial institutions for bank facilities granted to the Group.

The fixed deposits of the Group at the reporting date are subject to floating interest rates ranging from 1.35% to 4% (2019: 2.05% to 4%) per annum.

Fixed deposits of the Group have maturities ranging from 10 to 366 days (2019: 5 to 365 days).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

19. DEFERRED TAX

	Group		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	(672,959) 63,047,503	(833,359) 64,131,867	
	62,374,544	63,298,508	
The movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:-			
At beginning of the financial year Recognised in profit or loss (Note 9)	63,298,508 (923,964)	63,678,745 (380,237)	
At end of the financial year	62,374,544	63,298,508	

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority. The following amounts determined after appropriate offsetting are shown in the statements of financial position:-

2020

	At 01.01.2020 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	At 31.12.2020 RM
Deferred tax assets	505755	*****	1 ((1))
- property development	(663,959)	¥	(663,959)
- other payables	(30,000)	12	(30,000)
- property, plant & equipment	(169,400)	126,400	(43,000)
- unabsorbed capital allowance	(888,000)	(577,000)	(1,465,000)
	(1,751,359)	(450,600)	(2,201,959)
Deferred tax liabilities			
 investment properties 	3,848,397	(66,824)	3,781,573
 property development 	46,921,586		46,921,586
 property, plant & equipment 	9,422,009	102,000	9,524,009
- inventories	4,857,875	(508,540)	4,349,335
	65,049,867	(473,364)	64,576,503
Net (after offsetting)	63,298,508	(923,964)	62,374,544
	===========		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

2	Λ	4	\cap
Z	U	1	9

Deferred tax assets	At 01.01.2019 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	At 31.12.2019 RM
 property development other payables property, plant & equipment unabsorbed capital allowance 	(663,959) (31,000) (24,000) (888,000)	1,000 (145,400)	(663,959) (30,000) (169,400) (888,000)
	(1,606,959)	(144,400)	(1,751,359)
Deferred tax liabilities			
 investment properties 	3,915,221	(66,824)	3,848,397
 property development 	46,997,428	(75,842)	46,921,586
 property, plant & equipment 	9,233,009	189,000	9,422,009
- inventories	5,140,046	(282,171)	4,857,875
	65,285,704	(235,837)	65,049,867
Net (after offsetting)	63,678,745	(380,237)	63,298,508

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:-

Group	
2020 DM	2019 RM
	KIVI
	10,103,045
1,631,931	858,047
10,430,344	10,961,092
	========
2,503,283	2,630,662
	2020 RM 8,798,413 1,631,931 10,430,344

The unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are subject to agreement with the Inland Revenue Board.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Biological assets comprise oil palm fresh fruit bunches (FFB) growing on palm trees.

	Group		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	
At beginning of the financial year Transfer to produced stocks Fair value changes	102,191 (102,191) 168,282	151,523 (151,523) 102,191	
At end of the financial year	168,282	102,191	

The biological assets' maturity periods is within 1 year.

The Group's biological assets were fair valued within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair value assessments have been completed consistently using the same valuation techniques.

During the current financial year, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements.

The biological assets of the Group comprise FFB prior to harvest. The valuation model adopted by the Group considers the present value of the net cash flows expected to be generated from the sale of FFB. To arrive at the fair value, the management has considered the oil content of the unripe FFB and derived the assumption that the net cash flows to be generated from FFB prior to more than 2 weeks to harvest is negligible, therefore quantity of unripe FFB on bearer plant of up to 2 weeks prior to harvest was used for valuation purpose. The value of the unripe FFB was estimated to be approximately of the ripe FFB, based on actual oil extraction rate and kernel extraction rate of the unripe FFB from the laboratory tests. Costs to sell include harvesting cost, transport and windfall profit levy.

During the financial year, the Group harvested approximately 7,754 tonnes (2019 : 9,000 tonnes) of FFB

If the FFB selling price changes by 10%, profit or loss for the Group would have equally increased or decreased by approximately RM17,000 (2019 : RM10,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

21. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Trade receivables	27,234,233	23,687,217	8	
Other receivables	11,064,715	11,269,082		200 000
Deposits	5,623,338	4,104,052	314,886	332,253
Prepayments	222,285	180,678	214 996	222.052
Less : Impairment	44,144,571	39,241,029	314,886	332,253
 Trade receivables 	(830, 278)	(868,374)	#C	
 Other receivables 	(562, 176)	(581,963)	43	
- Deposits	(5,156)	(5,175)	-	***************************************
	42,746,961	37,785,517	314,886	332,253

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 150 days (2019: 30 to 150 days) terms. They are recognised at their original invoiced amounts which represent their values on initial recognition.

Included in trade receivables of the Group is the retention of progress billings for contract works amounting to RM236,750 (2019: RM368,007).

Other receivables are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Includes in other receivables of the Group is the balance of proceed for disposal of land for government acquisition amounting to RM8,755,797 (2019: RM8,755,797).

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the Group's large number of customers, which cover a broad spectrum of end markets. The Group's historical experience in collection of debts falls within the recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional credit risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the Group's trade receivables.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Expected credit losses ("ECL")	

The movement in allowance for ECL of receivables and contract assets computes based on lifetime ECL are as follows:-

		Gro	oup	
	Receivables	Contract assets	Receivables	Contract assets
	2020	2020	2019	2019
Movement in allowance accounts:-	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January Charge for the financial	1,455,512	112,886	1,550,800	112,434
year-net	(57,902)	282	(95,288)	452
At 31 December	1,397,610	113,168	1,455,512	112,886

22. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Gro	qu
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Contract assets from - property development - construction contract	232,310 4,564,538	232,310 4,550,442
	4,796,848	4,782,752
Less : Impairment losses - construction contract	(113,168)	(112,886)
Total contract assets	4,683,680	4,669,866
Contract liabilities from - property development - construction contract	32,891,899 1,709,903	32,891,899 1,709,903
Total contract liabilities	34,601,802	34,601,802
Net	(29,918,122)	(29,931,936)

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Group issue progress billings to purchasers when the billing milestones are attained. The Group recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the attributable profit or loss recognised on property development is compared against the progress billings up to the end of the financial year. Where the revenue recognised in profit or loss exceeds billings to purchasers, the balance is presented as contract assets. Where billings to purchasers exceed revenue recognised in profit or loss, the balance is presented as contract liabilities.

The Group's contract assets and contract liabilities relating to the sale of properties and construction contract as of each reporting period can be summarised as follows:

	Group		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	
At 1 January Revenue recognised during	(29,931,936)	(5,070,381)	
the financial year Cost incurred for project yet to	123	4,132,842	
recognise as revenue Progress billings during	14,096	-	
the financial year	12	(28,993,945)	
Impairment losses	(282)	(452)	
At 31 December	(29,918,122)	(29,931,936)	

23. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) RELATED PARTIES

	G	roup	Com	pany
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
(a) Amount due to related parties				0.03570
Amount due to				
holding company	2	5,334,000	27	-
Amount due to				
related parties	-	43,687,666	20	-
Amount due to				
subsidiaries	2	22	757,310	172,379,866
	-	49,021,666	757,310	172,379,866
	=======	========	========	========

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	RM	RM	RM	RM
(b) Amount due from related parties				
Amount due from related parties Amount due from	23,500		9	
subsidiaries	-	+		30,217
	23,500			30,217
	=======	========		=======

(c) Amount due from/(to) subsidiaries

The amount due from/(to) subsidiaries pertain mainly to advances and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand.

(d) Amount due from/(to) related parties

The amount due to related parties pertain mainly to purchase of land, advances, receipts and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

(e) Holding company

The amount due to holding company pertains mainly to advances and payments on behalf. The outstanding amounts are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand.

The Directors regard Dalta Industries Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia as its holding company.

24. SHORT TERM INVESTMENT

	Group/Company	
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- unquoted unit trusts in Malaysia		7,038,908
	========	=======

The fair value of all unit trusts is based on their net assets value as at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

25. CASH & BANK BALANCES

Included in the cash & bank balances of the Group are amounting to RM7,693,936 (2019: RM7,552,993) which are held pursuant to Section 7A of the Housing Development (Control & Licensing) Amendment Act 2002 and therefore restricted from use in other operations.

26. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group/Company	
	2020	2019
Issued and fully paid :-	RM	RM
At beginning/end of the financial year - 365,063,800 ordinary shares with		
no par value	217,605,412 =======	217,605,412

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary share carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

27. BORROWINGS - TERM LOAN

	(Group
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Repayable not later than 1 year	130,711	12
Repayable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	807,833	걸
Repayable later than 5 years	61,456	Estate Andreas Control
	1,000,000	
	========	
Represented by		
Non-current	869,289	2
Current	130,711	2
	1,000,000	2
	========	=======

The effective interest rate of the term loan at the reporting date was 3.5% (2019: Nil) per annum.

The term loan are secure by way of: -

- (a) joint & several guarantee by Directors and key management personnel;
- (b) corporate guarantee by a subsidiary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

28. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Group	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Non-current		
Finance lease liabilities Lease liabilities	1,749,010 583,079	332,371
	2,332,089	332,371
Current		
Finance lease liabilities Lease liabilities	324,904 385,686 	131,482 202,205
	710,590	333,687
	3,042,679	666,058
Minimum lease payments :-		
Payable not later than 1 year	850,846	359,660
Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Payable later than 5 years	1,825,720 782,141	355,272
	3,458,707	714,932
Less : Future finance charges	(416,028)	(48,874)
Present value of lease liabilities	3,042,679	666,058
Present value of lease liabilities :-		
Payable not later than 1 year Payable later than 1 year and not	710,590	333,687
later than 5 years Payable later than 5 years	1,597,296 73 4 ,793	332,371
	3,042,679	666,058

The Group's finance lease bears interest rates ranging from 2.19% to 2.74% (2019: 2.92%) per annum.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Group as lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of building and motor vehicles used in its operations. Leases of motor vehicles generally have lease terms between 5 and 7 years, while building generally have lease terms between 3 and 6 years.

(a) Carrying amounts

Right of use assets classified within property, plant and equipment.

		9,550	Group
		2020 RM	2019 RM
	Motor vehicles Building	278,808 887,105	220,244 185,265
		1,165,913	405,509
(b)	Depreciation charge during the year		
	Motor vehicles Building	113,856 384,666	96,018 247,662
		498,522	343,680
(c)	Interest expense		
	Interest expense – finance lease (Note 6) Interest expense – lease liabilities (Note 6)	44,024 31,305	22,546 28,308

- (d) Total cash outflow for all the leases in 2020 was RM 570,211 (2019: RM 420,866).
- (e) Addition of ROU assets during the financial year 2020 was RM 1,358,876 (2019: RM 124,613).

The Group as lessor

The Group has leased out their owned investment properties to third parties for monthly lease payments. This lease is classified as an operating lease because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred. Refer to Note 39 for further information.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

29. TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

	Gro	oup	Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Trade payables Other payables Refund liabilities Accruals	8,405,997 5,576,819 95,000 1,066,099	8,605,505 8,108,361 220,000 1,253,808	900 -	726,064 - 27,052
	15,143,915	18,187,674	24,718 ======	753,116
The currency exposure profile of trade payables is as follows:-				
Ringgit Malaysia US Dollar	8,094,030 311,967	7,873,470 732,035	±.	
	8,405,997 ======	8,605,505	-	-

Trade payables and other payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 30 to 90 days (2019: 30 to 90 days) terms and 30 to 90 days (2019: 30 to 90 days) terms respectively.

Included in the Group's accruals are post-employment defined contribution plan of RM16,115 (2019: RM16,398) in respect of Employees Provided Fund.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

30. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is organised into the following main business segments:-

(i) Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered.

Construction and development of residential, commercial and industrial properties. Property investment included provision of rental income and other services.

Other related services rendered include the provision of services related to the construction, property development & investment and administrative services.

(ii) Trading

Trading of automotive parts and related products.

(iii) Hotel and leisure related services

Provision of hospitality services, food and beverages.

(iv) Plantation

Plantation of oil palm and tropical fruits.

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions, allocate resources and assess performance.

The CODM receives separate reports for property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered businesses, they have been aggregated into one reportable segments as they have similar economic characteristics.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Although the plantation segment does not meet the quantitative thresholds required by MFRS 8 for reportable segments, management has concluded that this segment should be reported, as it is closely monitored by CODM as a potential growth segment.

The geographical segment information is not presented as the Group's activities are carried out predominantly in Malaysia.

The segment information provided to the CODM for the reportable segments is as follows:

	Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered		Hotel & Trading related s			ervices Plantation			Group	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
REVENUE										
Total revenue	27,101,439	31,278,702	30,630,733	31,557,563	13,236,242	17,669,361		3,483,242	75,171,635	83,988,868
Inter-segment revenue	(375,366)	(1,184,520)	150	#1. 423	7/	(12,456)	(11,134)		(386,500)	(1,196,976)
External revenue	26,726,073	30,094,182	30,630,733	31,557,563	13,236,242	17,656,905	4,192,087	3,483,242	74,785,135	82,791,892
RESULTS										
Interest income	463,808	1,590,073	451,581	634,084	464,837	229,425	7,207	13,910	1,387,433	2,467,492
Finance costs	(6,855)	(17,007)	(67,662)	(31,934)	(1,815)	(2,913)	7	3	(76, 332)	(51,854)
Share of profit/(loss)of										
associated companies	6,398	23,257	(331,489)	,	-		7.		(325,091)	(65,337)
Profit/(loss) before tax	3,832,493	5,772,947 ======	851,941	1,682,442	505,875 ====	2,437,808	(203)	(784,239)	5,190,106 ======	9,108,958 =====

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

	& inv constr othe service 2020	development vestment, ruction and er related es rendered 2019	2020	ading 2019	Hotel & related s	ervices 2019	Plant 2020	2019	Grou 2020	2019
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
ASSETS AND LIABILITIE	S									
Investment in associated										
companies	1,694,972		1,342,688	274,177	166 501 657	117 OFF OF7	25 256 276	24 020 077	3,037,660	
Other segment assets	668,752,013	122,104,921	39,431,966	30,230,399	166,591,657	117,055,957	35,256,376	34,029,877	910,032,032	909,479,160
Borrowings	268,661	312,237	3,738,362	300,586	35,656	53,235	2	10 mg	4,042,679	666,058
Other segment liabilities	105,980,497	159,831,789	4,182,199	3,540,209	3,248,702	3,381,759	183,941	132,535	113,595,339	166,886,292
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION										
Addition to non-current										
assets	2,227,364	7,324,142	2,764,207	138,022	29,478,780	29,251,561	867,401	17,636	35,337,752	36,731,361
Depreciation &										
amortisation	2,240,257	2,232,314	639,301	360,515	2,966,095	3,113,184	403,752	405,081	6,249,405	
Other non-cash expenses	(30,816)	(115,071)	54,959	86,491	(2,219)	(3,403)		-	21,924	(31,983)

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(a) Addition to non-current assets consists of :-

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Property, plant & equipment Investment properties Land held for property development	33,371,773 15,900 1,950,079	30,660,831 4,292,530 1,778,000
	35,337,752 ========	36,731,361

(b) Major customers

There are no major customers with revenue equal or more than 10 per cent of the Group's total revenue.

31. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group, and certain members of senior management of the Group.

(a) Related party transactions

The following significant transactions which have been transacted with related parties are as follows:-

	(Group
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
- an associated company		124,651
 an entity related to associated company 	1,609,850	14
	========	=======
Sale of motor vehicle		
 an entity related to associated company 	556,295	19
- a director in subsidiary	277,782	39
,	========	=======
Acquisition of subsidiary		
an associated company	2	Se.
= 5	========	

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Directors are of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions negotiated and agreed by the related parties.

(b) Key management personnel compensation

The remuneration of key management personnel compensation during the financial year was as follows:-

	(Group
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	1,602,280	1,963,900
- defined contribution plan	104,118	127,680
	1,706,398	2,091,580

The above is in respect of the total compensation to Directors of the Group.

32. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - unsecured

The Directors are of the opinion that provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material.

33. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Contracted but not provided for	25,000,000	83,552
	-=======	========

The above commitments mainly comprise of acquisition of property, plant & equipment.

34. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:-

(i) Property development revenue and cost of sales recognition

The Group applied the following judgements and assumptions that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue recognised from contracts with customers:

The Group recognised property development revenue and cost of sales in profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date compared to the estimated total property development costs.

Significant judgement is required in determining the stage of completion, the extent of the property development costs incurred, the estimated total property development revenue and costs, as well as the recoverability of the development projects. In making the judgement, the Group evaluates based on past experience and by relying on the work of architects and quantitative.

(ii) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group determines annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on either fair value less costs to sell or value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates as set in Note 17(i) and (ii).

Changing the assumptions selected by management, in particular the market price of properties, gross margin, discount rate and growth rate assumptions used in the cash flow projections or impairment test of goodwill, could significantly affect the Group's results. The Group's review includes the key assumptions related to sensitivity in the cash flow projections. Detail of sensitivity to change in key assumptions are disclosed in Note 17(iii).

(iii) Provision for expected credit losses of trade & other receivables and contract assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade & other receivables and contract assets. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At every reporting date, historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade & other receivables and contract assets is disclosed in Note 21.

The carrying amount of trade & other receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 are RM42,524,676 and RM4,683,680 (2019: RM37,604,839 and RM4,669,866) respectively.

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's operations are subject to a variety of financial risks, including foreign currency exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, market risk, liquidity and cash flow risk.

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate resources are available to manage the above risks and to create value for its shareholders. The Board regularly reviews these risks and approves treasury policies, which covers the management of these risks. It is not the Group's policy to engage in speculative transactions.

(a) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Group, primarily RM. The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly in US Dollar.

The currency exposure of trade payables at the reporting date is disclosed in the Note 29 to the Financial Statements.

The Company does not enter into any financial instrument to hedge the movement in the foreign currency exchange rates unless the risk is deemed to be significant.

As the influence of foreign currency changes on the profit or loss is immaterial, no sensitivity analysis has been conducted.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from its cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

The Group's and the Company's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the reporting date, if interest rate had been 10 basis points lower/higher, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax would have been RM26,000 (2019: RM44,000) higher/lower, arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from fixed deposits.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including investment securities, cash and short-term deposits), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group trade only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

The Group has determined the default event on a financial asset to be when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments, within 90 days when they fall due, which are derived based on the Group's historical information.

The Group considers "low risk" to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency for those investments with credit rating. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the assets as at reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The Group considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making contractual payment.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The Group determined that its financial assets are credit-impaired when:

- There is significant difficulty of the issuer or the borrower
- A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- There is a disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulty

The Group categorises a loan or receivable for potential write-off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments more than 210 days past due. Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where loans and receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

The following are credit risk management practices and quantitative and qualitative information about amounts arising from expected credit losses for each class of financial assets.

(i) Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group provides for lifetime expected credit losses for all trade receivables, and contract assets using a provision matrix. The provision rates are determined based on the Group's historical observed default rates analysed in accordance to days past due by grouping of customers based on segment. The loss allowance provision as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 is determined as follows, the expected credit losses below also incorporate forward looking information.

Summarised below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables and contract assets using provision matrix, grouped by segments:

Property development & investment, construction and other related services rendered segment :-

31 December 2020	Contract assets	Current	days past due	61-90 days past due	90 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	4,564,538	16,874,307	54,451	46,766	1,540,023	23,080,085
provision	113,168	604	72	90	39,399	153,333
31 December 2019 Gross carrying amount Loss allowance provision	4,550,442 112,886	12,998,643	29,758 99	27,332 123	1,924,432 69,950	19,530,607 183,505

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Trading segment :-

31 December 2020	Contract assets	Current	1-60 days past due	61-90 days past due	More than 90 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	#0	7,272,984	180,898	3,419	649,334	8,106,635
provision		14,717	5,698	853	617,432	638,700
31 December 2019 Gross carrying amount	-	7,089,498	67,108	316,964	342,787	7,816,357
Loss allowance provision	, w	16,275	3,333	286,504	339,002	645,114

Information regarding loss allowance movement of trade receivables and contract assets are disclosed in Note 21.

(ii) Other financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables relating to hotel & plantation segment are subject to immaterial credit loss.

(d) Market risk

Market price risks mainly result from raw materials. No financial instruments are used for the hedging of the acquisition of raw materials.

(e) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group and the Company maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents, and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

Group	On demand or within one year RM	One to five years RM	Over five years RM	Total RM
2020				
Financial liabilities: Payables Borrowings Total	15,143,915 1,017,463 16,161,378	2,714,344 2,714,344	837,680 837,680	15,143,915 4,569,487 19,713,402
		27777077	307,000	10,110,102
2019				
Financial liabilities: Payables Related parties Borrowings Total	18,187,674 49,021,666 359,660 67,569,000	355,272 355,272		18,187,674 49,021,666 714,932 67,924,272
Company				
	On demand within one y RM		ars	Total RM
2020				
Financial liabilities: Payables Related parties Total	24,718 757,310 782,028)	2	24,718 757,310 782,028
2019				
Financial liabilities: Payables Related parties	753,116 172,379,866			753,116 172,379,866
Total	173,132,982			173,132,982

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's and the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise its shareholders value.

The Group and the Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group and the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Group's and the Company's capital management is dependent on capital requirements of the business or investments. Management would evaluate various options taking into consideration market conditions, nature of investment and the Company's structure.

The Group and the Company monitor and manage capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group and the Company included within net debt, total financial liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners. The Group and the Company target to maintain a low gearing ratio.

	Grou	ap.	Company		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Trade & other payables Amount due to related parties	15,143,915	18,187,674 49,021,666	24,718 757,310	753,116 172,379,866	
Borrowings	4,042,679	666,058	707,010	172,070,000	
Less: Cash & cash equivalents	(50,646,484)	(71,275,795)	(653,724)	(876,413)	
Net debt	(31,459,890)	(3,400,397)	128,304	172,256,569	
Equity attributable to					
owners	721,372,435	719,319,735	422,989,068	247,899,323	
		PH 435 AT 44 TO 00000-1518		SERVER EN FORMANDES	
Capital and net debt	689,912,545	715,919,338	423,117,372	420,155,892	
Gearing ratio	(4.56%)	(0.47%)	0.03%	41.00%	
	=========			========	

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Group		Fair value through other	Fair value through	Fair value through other	Fair value through	
	Note	comprehensive income 2020 RM	profit or loss 2020 RM	comprehensive income 2019 RM	profit or loss 2019 RM	
Financial Assets						
Non-current Investments	16	66,723	320	68,375		
Current						
Short term investment	24		•		7,038,908	
	Note	Amortised 2020 RM	cost	Amortised cost 2019 RM	t	
Financial Assets				T XIVI		
Non-current Fixed deposits	18		6,935,832	3,46	7,918	
Current						
Trade & other receivables Amount due from related	21	42,746,961		37,785,517		
parties	23		23,500			
Fixed deposits	18		9,455,787	40,328,735		
Cash & bank balances Total	25		4,254,865	27,479,142 109,061,312		
Total	Yi	<u>8</u>	3,416,945	109,00	1,312	
	Note	2020	ncial liabilities a	at amortised cost 2019		
Financial Liabilities		RM		RM		
Non-current Borrowings Lease liabilities	27 28		869,289 2,332,089	33	2,371	
Current Borrowings Lease liabilities Trade & other payables	27 28 29	11	130,711 710,590 5,143,915	33. 18,18	2 3,687 7,674	
Amount due to related parties	23			40.02	1 666	
Total	23	1	9,186,594	49,02 67,87		
	3			3.10		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Company	Note	Fair value through other comprehensive income 2020 RM	Fair value through other comprehensive income 2019 RM	Fair value through profit or loss 2019 RM
Financial Assets		15101	CSDA	ESIM
Non-current				
Investments	16	64,980	64,980	<u> </u>
Current				
Short term investment	24			7,038,908
		Amortised cos	t Amortis	ed cost
	Note	2020 RM	20 R	19 M
Financial Assets				
Current				
Trade & other receivables Amount due from related	21	314	,886	332,253
parties	23			30,217
Cash & bank balances	25		,724	876,413
Total		968	,610	1,238,883
			iabilities at amortis	
	Note	2020 RM		19 M
		- JAW		141
Financial Liabilities				
Current				
Trade & other payables Amount due to related	29	24,	718	753,116
parties	23	757	,310 1	72,379,866
Total		782	,028 1	73,132,982

(b) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and short term borrowings approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in equity securities

The fair values of financial assets that are quoted in an active market are determined by reference to their quoted closing bid price at the end of the reporting period (Level 1).

(c) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value measurement hierarchies used to measure financial assets carried at fair value in the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ii) Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- iii) Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING AND AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The World Health Organisation declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus infection ("COVID-19") a pandemic on 11 March 2020. This was followed by the Government of Malaysia issuing a Federal Government Gazette on 18 March 2020, imposing a Movement Control Order ("MCO") effective from 18 March 2020 to 31 March 2020 arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. The MCO was subsequently extended until 12 May 2020, followed by Conditional MCO until 9 June 2020 and then, Recovery MCO until 31 December 2020. For the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the impact of COVID-19 have been reflected in this set of financial statements.

Despite the roll-out of vaccinations in various countries around the world, the Group and the Company believes that the COVID-19 pandemic is far from over, especially in view of the long runway until all countries have received the vaccines. This is in addition to the emergence of new mutated variants which pose further risks. As such, the Group and the Company expects the COVID-19 pandemic to continue to affect our operations, industry, and business outlook in the near future.

Although lockdown measures were implemented in Malaysia in January 2021 in light of the resurgence of COVID-19 cases, the Group's and the Company's operations were not disrupted as we had been granted approval by the relevant authorities to continue our operations during this period. As the health and safety of our employees remains a priority, the Group and the Company will continue to implement safety precautions across our operations, such as the mandated wearing of face masks, safe distancing measures, disinfection of factory premises and hostel areas as well as daily checks on our workers health conditions.

AMVERTON BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Nonetheless, the Group and the Company will continue to monitor the COVID-19 situation closely and manage our operations accordingly, in order to anticipate any potential disruptions in the future and mitigate any consequent impact. In addition, the Group and the Company will continue to closely engage and work with our customers in the year ahead in order to accommodate their shifting business needs and the changing demands of their industries brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic.

39. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS/LEASES - THE GROUP AS A LESSOR

The Company had leased out its investment properties and inventories to third parties for monthly lease payments. This lease is classified as an operating lease because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred.

Undiscounted lease payments from the operating leases to be received after the reporting date are as follow: -

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Less than 1 year 1 to 2 years 2 to 3 years	7,383,324 3,661,622 1,664,290	9,183,478 4,109,749 1,109,962
	12,709,236	14,403,189

40. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 25 May 2021.